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CAR-T cells harboring a camelid single domain antibody as a targeting agent to kill tumors expressing VEGFR2

INTRODUCTION

Modulation of the immune system is showing tremendous promise in the treatment of malignancies. In addition to checkpoint inhibitors that re-activate T cells present in the tumor microenvironment, exogenously transduced chimeric antigen receptor (CAR) T cells are providing excellent responses in clinical trials for the treatment of leukemias. In this study, we describe the generation and characterization of novel anti-VEGFR2 antibodies for use in CAR-T cells that target VEGFR2-expressing tumors.

Angiogenesis is the process of new blood vessel formation and is essential for a tumor to grow beyond a certain size. Tumors secrete the pro-angiogenic vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF), which acts upon local endothelial cells by binding to vascular endothelial growth factor receptors (VEGFR). Of the three VEGF receptors, VEGFR-2 is the primary regulator of endothelial cell proliferation and migration. As VEGFR2 is often overexpressed by malignant solid tumors, we are investigating the utility of anti-VEGFR2 CAR-T cells as a method to treat VEGFR2-expressing tumors.

Both camelid and human single chain antibodies were generated by screening phage display libraries. Two camelid and two human antibodies were characterized, and the top candidate selected for CAR-T studies.

CAR-T cells were engineered to express a camelid anti-VEGFR2 antibody in combination with the CD28 and 4-1BB costimulatory molecules and the CD3 zeta chain. The chimeric receptor was expressed well by transduced T cells and cytotoxicity studies are ongoing.

We previously showed the utility of camelid antibodies in CAR-T constructs as anti-CEACAM6 CAR-T cells show both in vitro and in vivo efficacy against the pancreatic tumor Bx-PC3. The use of a camelid antibody to target VEGFR2-expressing tumors should provide further evidence to support the concept that camelid single domain antibodies can be easily developed for CAR-T therapies.

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